
RIVERSIDE EDUCATION SUPPORT CENTRE SCHOOL BOARD

Code of Conduct

Behave professionally and with integrity

The council or board member's primary consideration is that the best interests of students is central to their function.

Members behave in a manner that will not damage the reputation of the council or board, the school or the Department. The council or board "speaks as one voice" in the public arena once a decision has been made.

Council or board members are expected to represent the school community. Members do not represent one viewpoint or the view of an individual or for example, political or religious affiliations. Council or board members therefore regularly seek the views and opinions of the whole school community, especially when policies are being developed.

A council or board is accountable to both its local school community and the Director General or delegate.¹ A council or board abides by all the relevant legislation and industrial agreements.

The council or board does not intervene in the control or management of the school - either directly or indirectly.²

Create cultural safety

The council or board actively creates an environment where people feel culturally safe, where cultural identity is valued and not challenged or denied.

Embrace equity, diversity and inclusion

The council or board is reflective of the diversity of the students, families and school community. The council or board values the different characteristics, abilities, strengths and perspectives of all members.

Maintain safety and wellbeing

A council or board encourages members to behave in a civil and respectful manner, avoiding discrimination, harassment and bullying. Conflict between council or board members is dealt with respectfully and fairly and in a manner that reflects the principles of natural justice.

The principal is responsible for ensuring all members maintain all relevant criminal screening.

¹ Where the school is not an independent public school, the Director General's delegate is the Director of Education

² Principals have the legislated responsibility for the control and management of the school (SEA s.63(1)(b)). The Department of Education has established processes to enable Principals to undertake these functions, including for the distribution of funding to the school, school maintenance and capital works. Principals work with Department business units and provide the information council or board members require on these processes. Principals support members to understand the scope of the functions of a council or board.

Maintain accurate records	Minutes will accurately and objectively record actions, events and decisions to ensure transparency and accountability. It is recommended that agendas and minutes be made available to the school community.
Protect official and confidential information	<p>The council or board is not an appropriate forum for the discussion of individual school staff, students, parents or other members of the school community.</p> <p>Council or board members respect the need for confidentiality and privacy with regard to sensitive matters that might arise at council or board meetings, especially where there are matters of a personal nature relating to staff, students or parents.</p> <p>A council or board member treats discussions relating to individuals with discretion, protecting the confidentiality and privacy of the people involved. If they are approached regarding an operational, the parent should be encouraged to speak with the principal or classroom teacher. Matters concerning policy or procedure can be placed on the meeting agenda and approached in a generic sense to protect the privacy of individuals involved.</p>
Behave honestly	Members of the council or board do not engage in dishonest, misleading, fraudulent, or corrupt behaviour.
Declare and manage conflicts of interest	<p>Council or board members ensure personal or private interests, and those of family or associates, do not conflict with, or influence, their decision making. Council or board members declare any conflicts of interest when they arise. Council or board members who have declared a conflict of interest are not entitled to vote on that issue.³</p> <p>There is no requirement for council or board members who are also current members of Parliament or local government or are planning to nominate as candidates for an election to resign from the council or board. However, it may be appropriate for these council or board members not to attend council or board meetings in the period leading up to the election if the council, board or the member considers there is a real or perceived conflict of interest.</p>

Version 1: Adopted by RESC Board

³ Where the council or board is incorporated, Sections 42 and 43 of the [Associations Incorporation Act 2015](#) applies.